

## TABLE 4F1A 60°C thermosetting insulated flexible cables with sheath, non-armoured (Copper Conductors)

CURRENT-CARRYING CAPACITY (amperes):

Ambient temperature : 30°C  
Conductor operating temperature:60°C

Conductor cross-sectional area	Single-phase a.c. or d.c.	Three-phase a.c.	Single-phase a.c. or d.c.
	1 two-core cable, with or without protective conductor	1 three-core, four-core or five-core cable	2 single-core cables
1	2	3	4
(mm²)	(A)	(A)	(A)
4	30	27	-
6	39	34	-
10	51	47	-
16	73	63	-
25	97	83	-
35	-	102	140
50	-	124	175
70	-	158	216
95	-	192	258
120	-	222	302
150	-	255	347
185	-	291	394
240	-	343	471
300	-	394	541
400	-	-	644
500	-	-	738
630	-	-	861

### NOTES:

1. The current ratings tabulated are for cables in free air but may also be used for cables resting on a surface. If the cable is to be wound on a drum on load the ratings should be reduced in accordance with NOTE 2 below and for cables which may be covered, NOTE 3 below

2. Flexible cables wound on reeling drums

The current ratings of cables used on reeling drums are to be reduced by the following factors:

a) Radial type drum		b) Ventilated cylindrical type drum	
ventilated:	85%	1 layer of cable:	85%
unventilated:	75%	2 layers of cable:	65%
		3 layers of cable:	45%
		4 layers of cable:	35%

A radial type drum is one where spiral layers of cable are accommodated between closely spaced flanges; if fitted with solid flanges the ratings given above should be reduced and the drum is described as non-ventilated. If the flanges have suitable apertures the drum is described as ventilated.

A ventilated cylindrical cable drum is one where layers of cable are accommodated between widely spaced flanges and the drum and end flanges have suitable ventilating apertures

3. Where cable may be covered over or coiled up whilst on load, or the air movement over the cable restricted, the current rating should be reduced.

It is not possible to specify the amount of reduction but the table of rating factors for reeling drums can be used as a guide

## VOLTAGE DROP (per ampere per metre) TABLE 4F1B Conductor operating temperature:60°C

Conductor Cross-Sectional area	Two-core cable d.c	Two-core cable, single-phase a.c.			1 three-core, four-core or five-core cable, three-phase a.c.			2 single-core cables, touching			
								d.c.	single-phase a.c.*		
1	2	3			4			5	6		
(mm²)	(mV/A/m)	(mV/A/m)			(mV/A/m)			(mV/A/m)	(mV/A/m)		
4	12	12			10			-	-		
6	7.8	7.8			6.7			-	-		
10	4.6	4.6			4.0			-	-		
16	2.9	2.9			2.5			-	-		
		r	x	z	r	x	z				
25	1.80	1.80	0.175	1.85	1.55	0.150	1.55	-	-	-	-
35	-	-	-	-	1.10	0.150	1.15	1.31	1.31	0.21	1.32
50	-	-	-	-	0.83	0.145	0.84	0.91	0.91	0.21	0.93
70	-	-	-	-	0.57	0.140	0.58	0.64	0.64	0.20	0.67
95	-	-	-	-	0.42	0.135	0.44	0.49	0.49	0.195	0.53
120	-	-	-	-	0.33	0.135	0.36	0.38	0.38	0.190	0.43
150	-	-	-	-	0.27	0.130	0.30	0.31	0.31	0.190	0.36
185	-	-	-	-	0.22	0.130	0.26	0.25	0.25	0.190	0.32
240	-	-	-	-	0.170	0.130	0.21	0.190	0.195	0.185	0.27
300	-	-	-	-	0.135	0.125	0.185	0.150	0.155	0.180	0.24
400	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.115	0.120	0.175	0.21
500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.090	0.099	0.170	0.20
630	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.068	0.079	0.170	0.185

NOTE: \* A larger voltage drop will result if the cables are spaced

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